



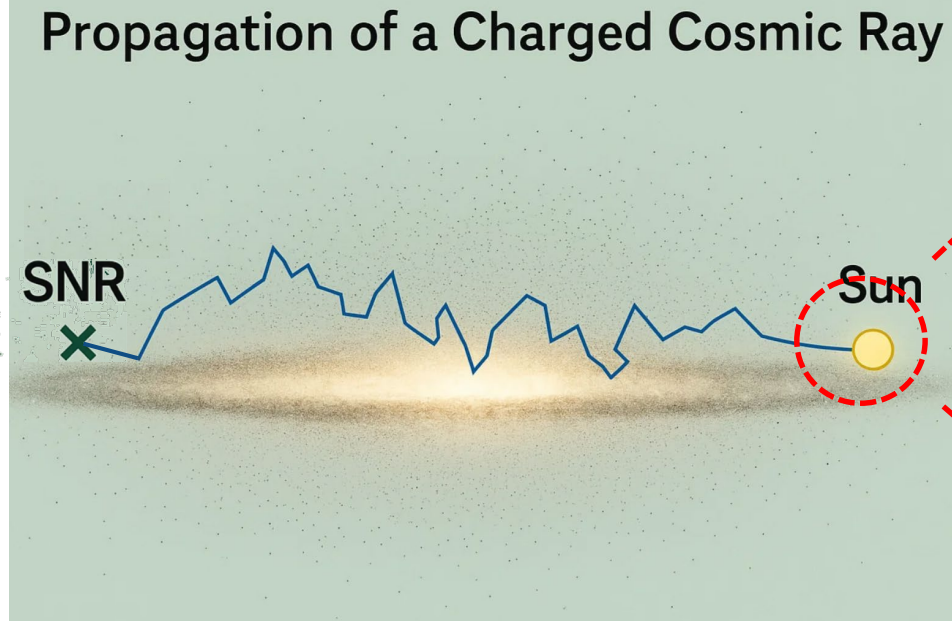
Diverse properties of Forbush decreases of electrons and positrons revealed by the DAMPE

Wen-Hao Li(PMO), Jingjing Zang(Linyi University)

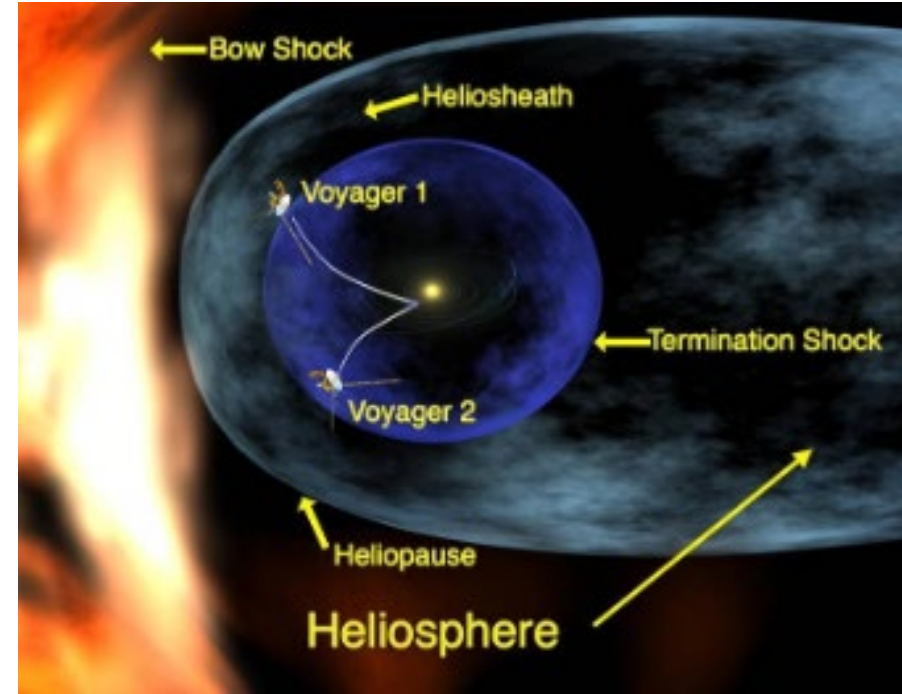
On behalf of the DAMPE Collaboration

18 Dec 2025

BackGround



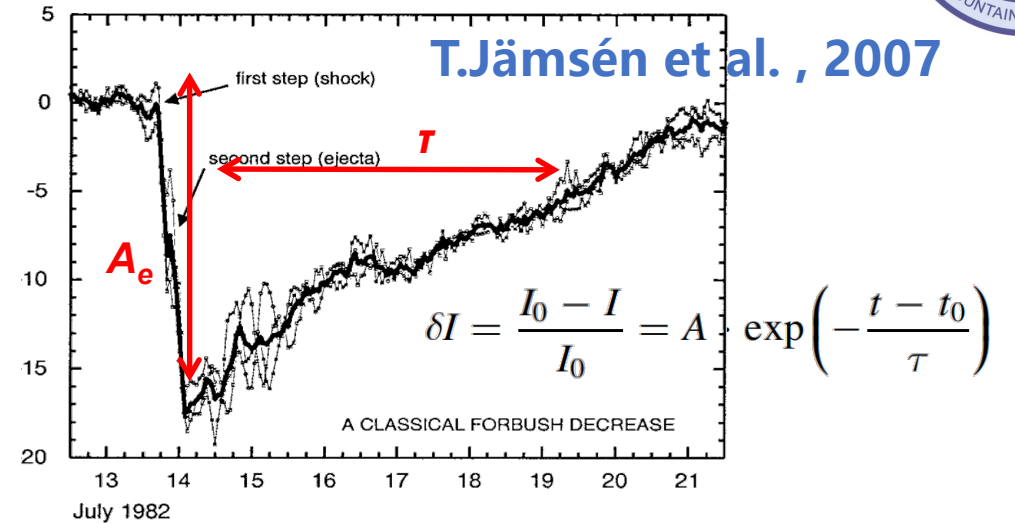
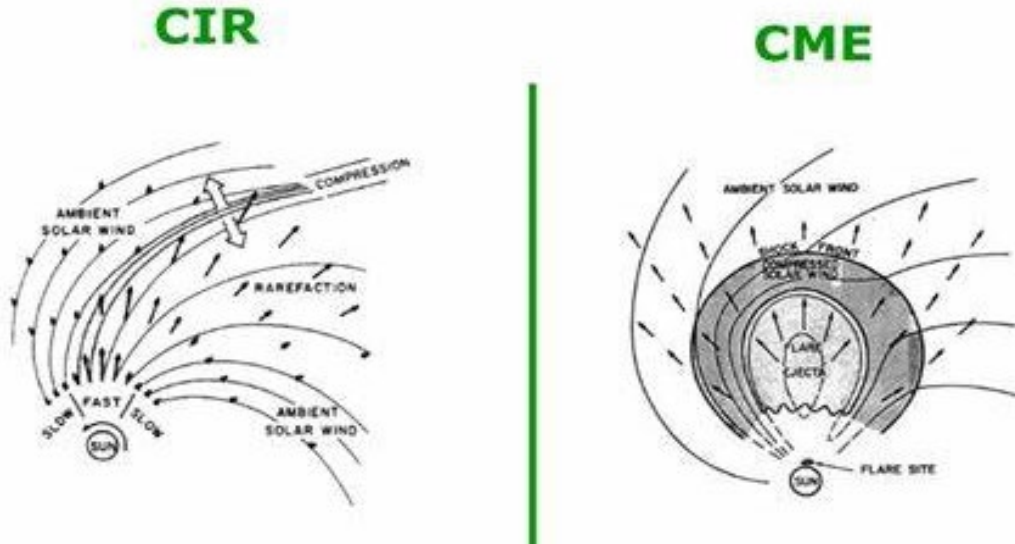
Credit: Sora



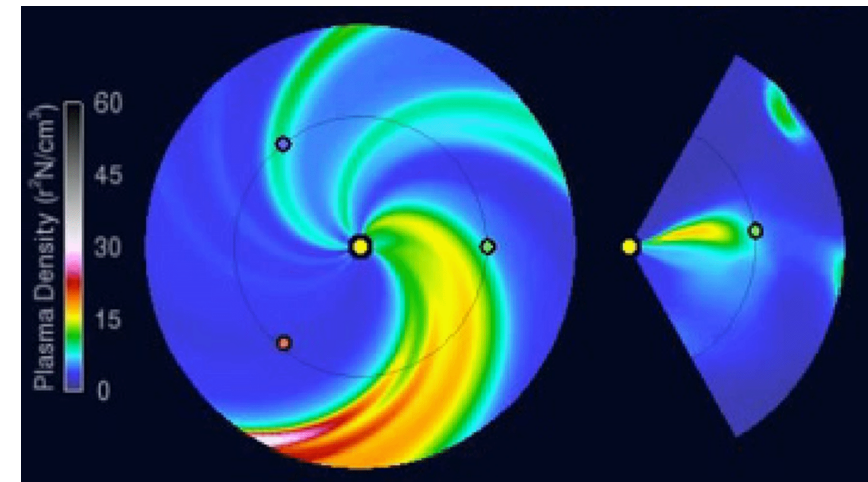
Credit: NASA

- ❑ Cosmic ray propagation: galactic propagation and solar modulations
- ❑ Structure of the heliosphere: TS, HP and the BW

Introduction on FD (Forbush Decrease)

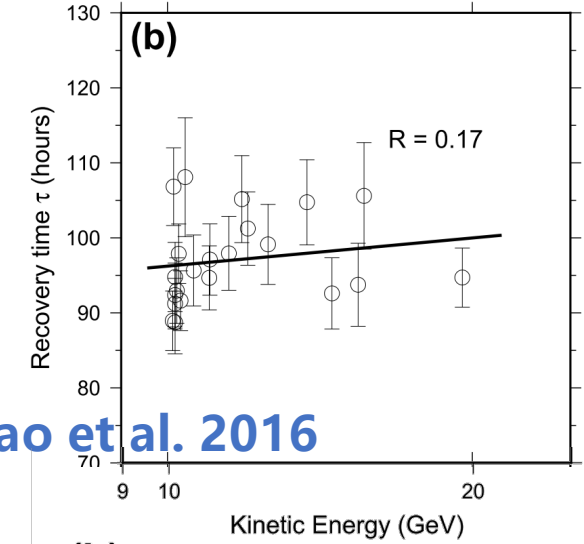
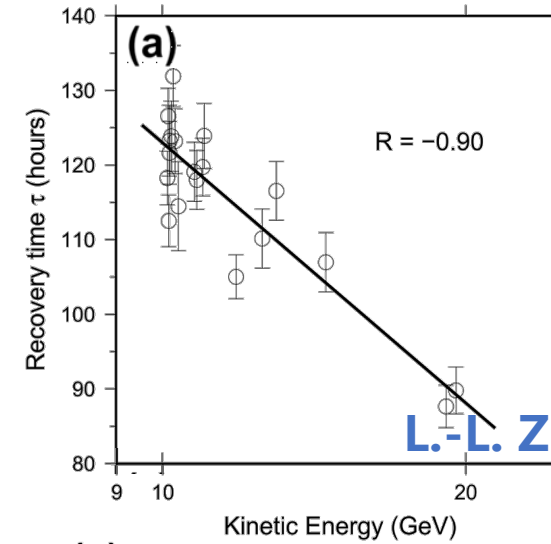
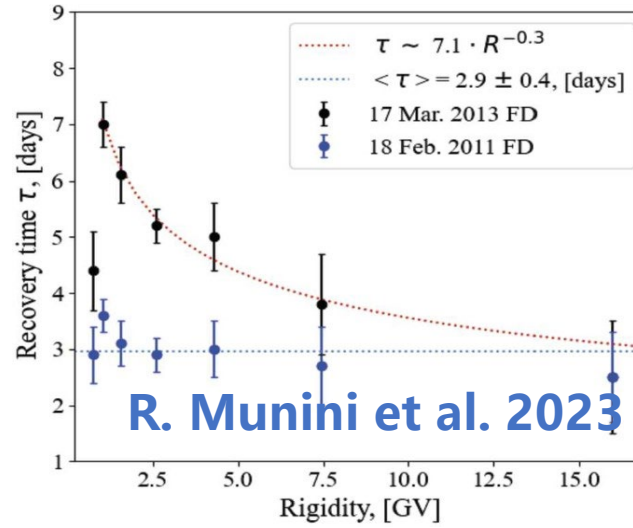
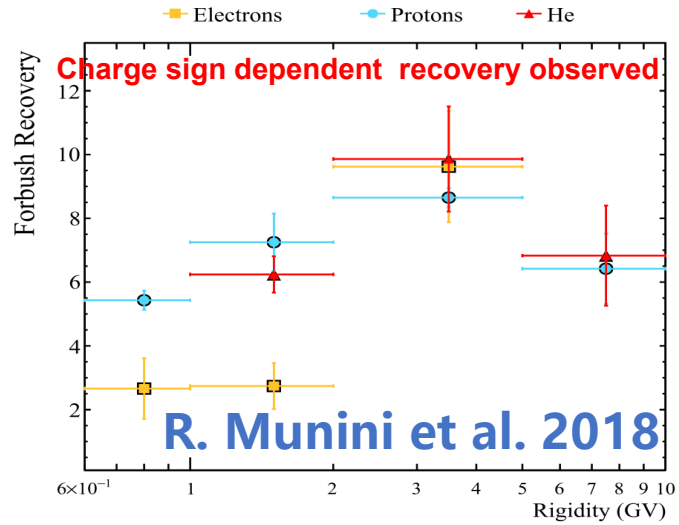


- ❑ Long/short period modulations
- ❑ Corotating Interaction Region (CIR) and Coronal Mass Ejection (CME) causes FD
- ❑ FD is a tool to diagnose the propagation of GCRs within heliosphere.



- **WSA 2017.09.08 (arrival) CME**

Introduction on FD



- ❑ PAMELA reports FD profiles for different particles(2018) and different FD recovery time profile (2023)
- ❑ Zhao et al. gives assumptions on energy dependence of the recovery time

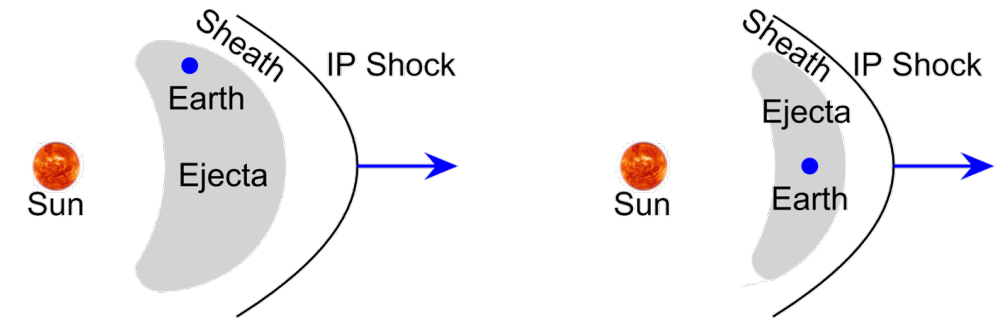
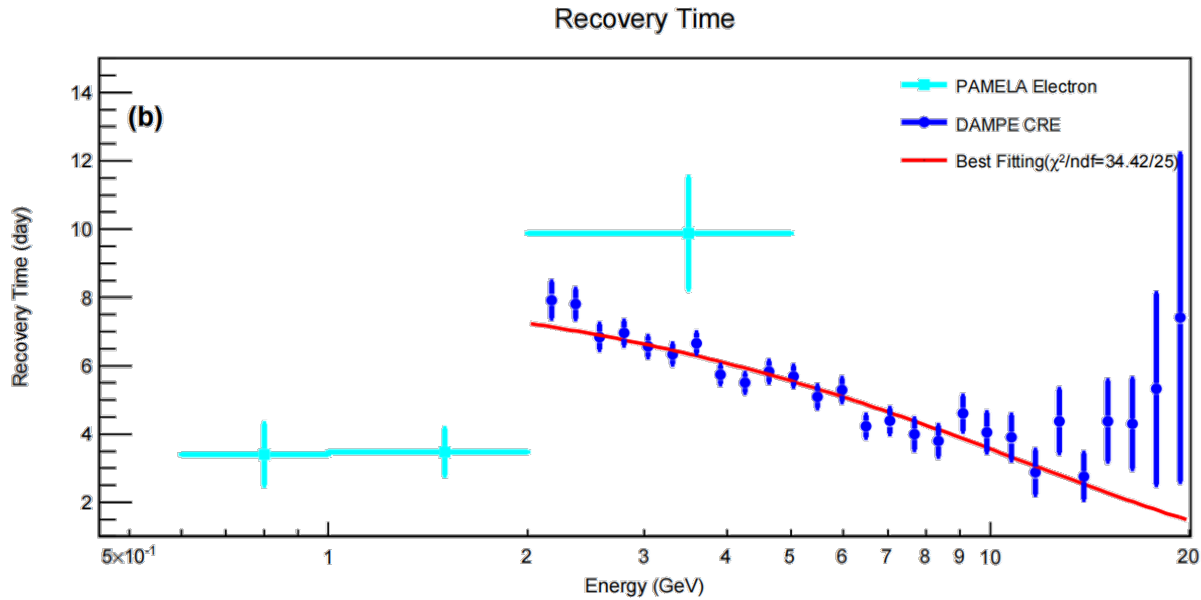


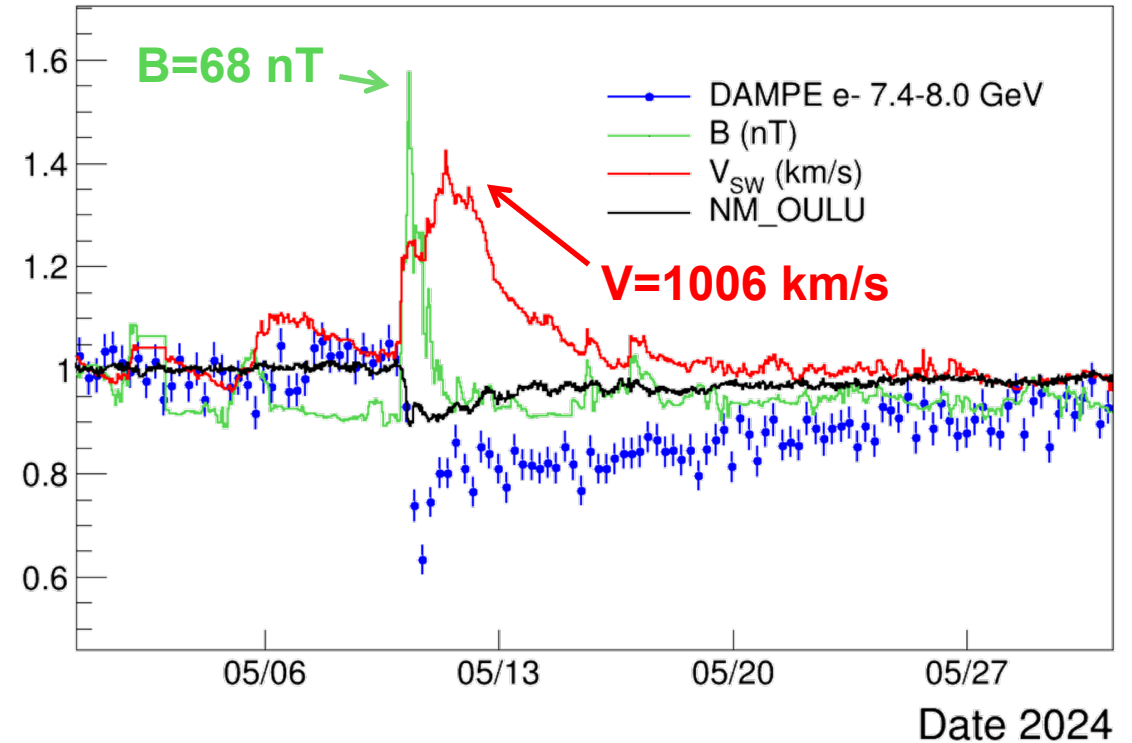
Figure 9. Schematic diagram (not to scale) explaining (a) Event 1 and (b) Event 2.

Introduction on FD



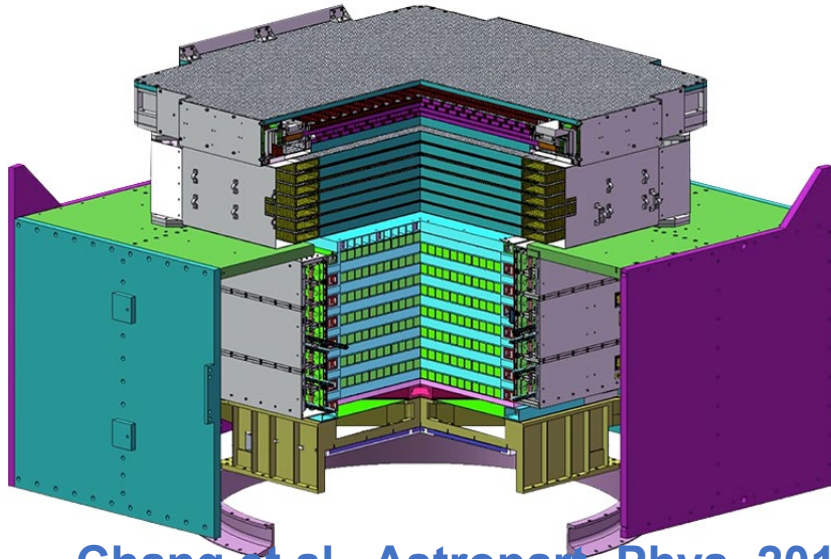
DAMPE collaboration, 2021, ApJL

- Data analysis methods of this work is based on the 2021 paper
- Strong energy-correlated recovery time

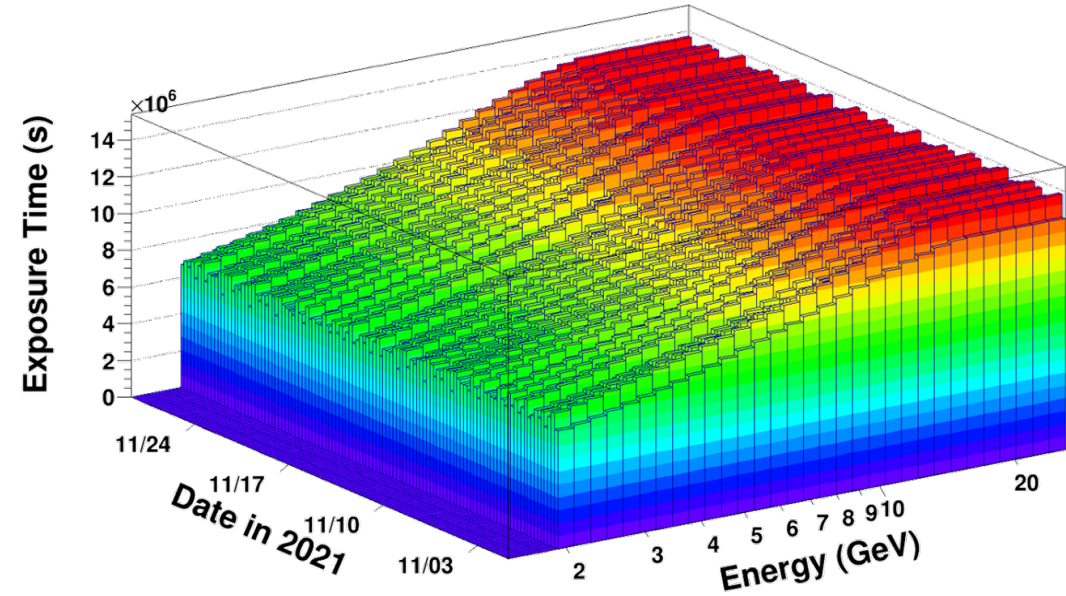
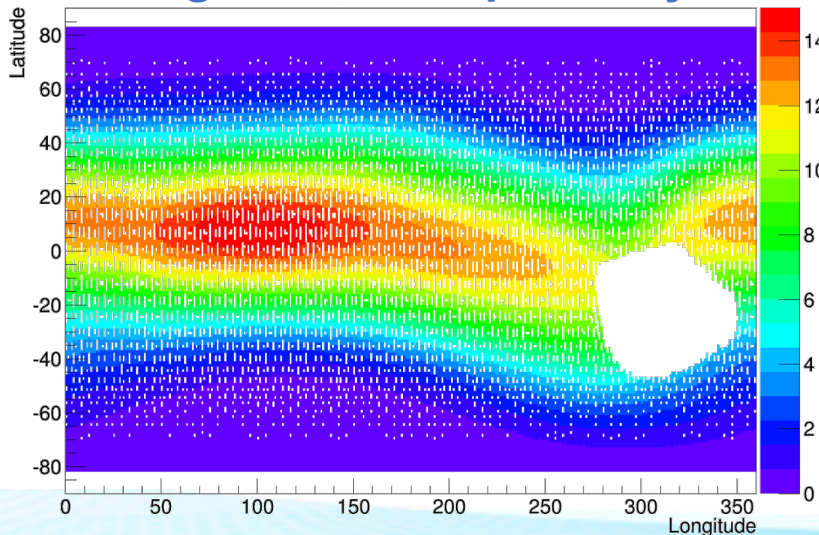


- Event search: NMs , DAMPE-T0, OMNIweb
- Time range: 2016.01-2024.05, **8 FDs** in total confirmed

FD analysis: DAMPE observations

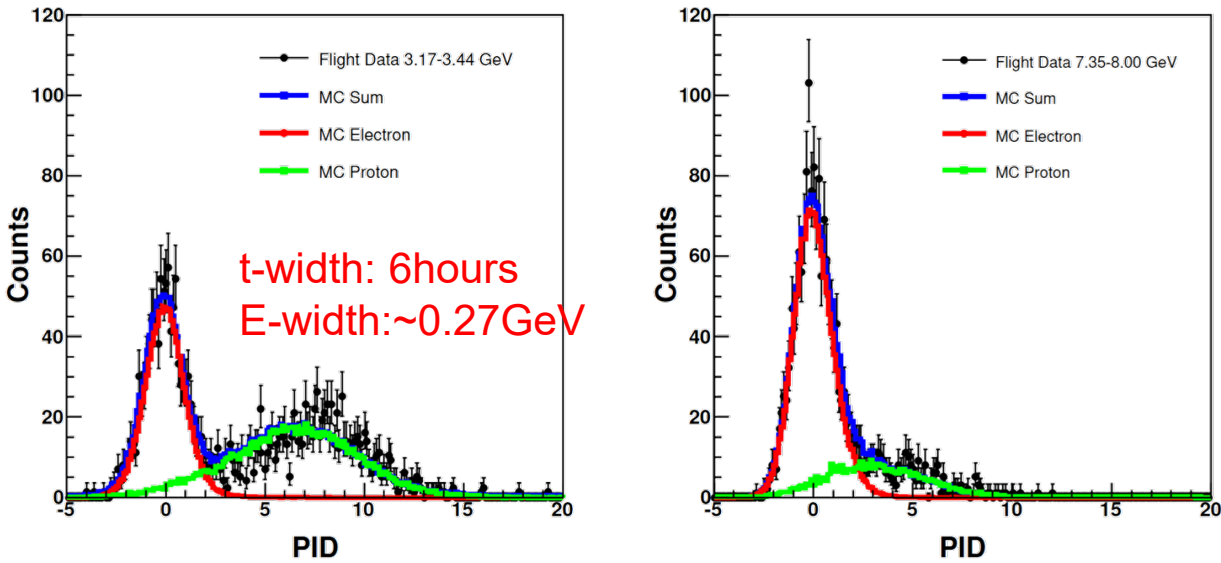


Chang et al., Astropart. Phys. 2017



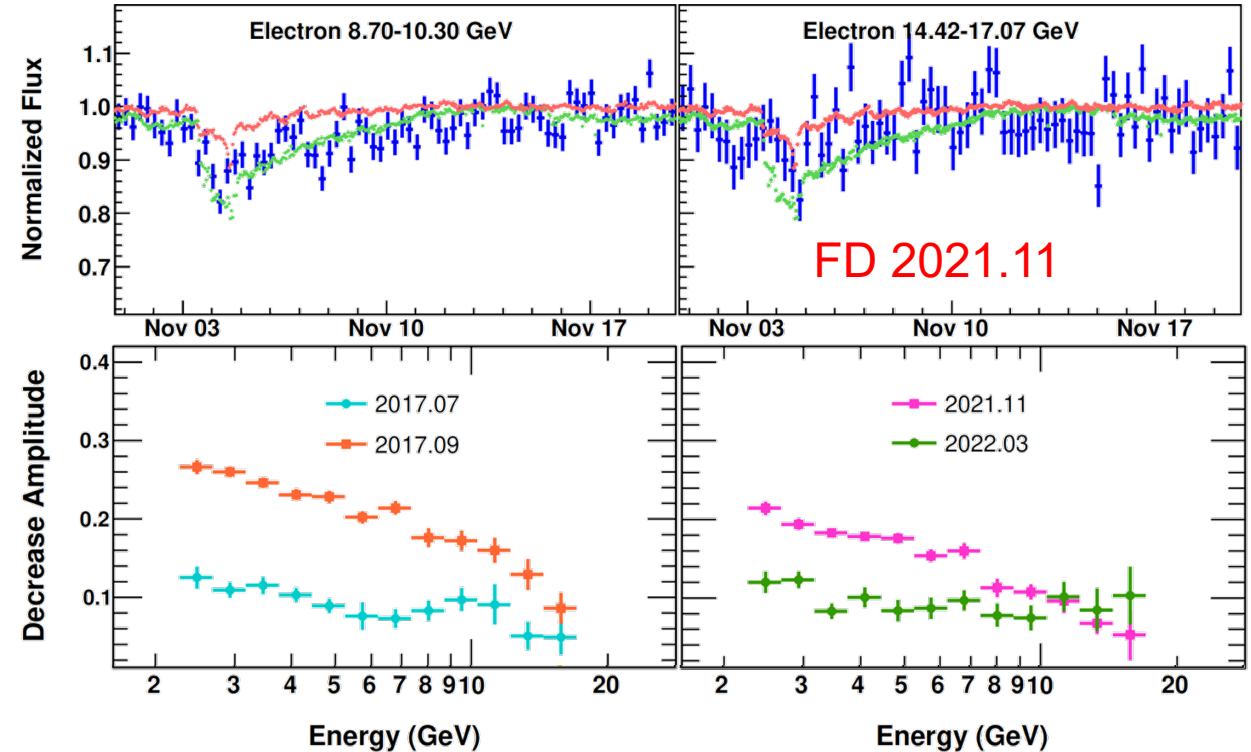
- VRC of DAMPE satellite orbit (GV)
- Dead time from T0 ,DAQ & Trigger
- Divider 8 and 64 are separately calculated
- T0 & 2A satisfication

FD analysis: DAMPE observations



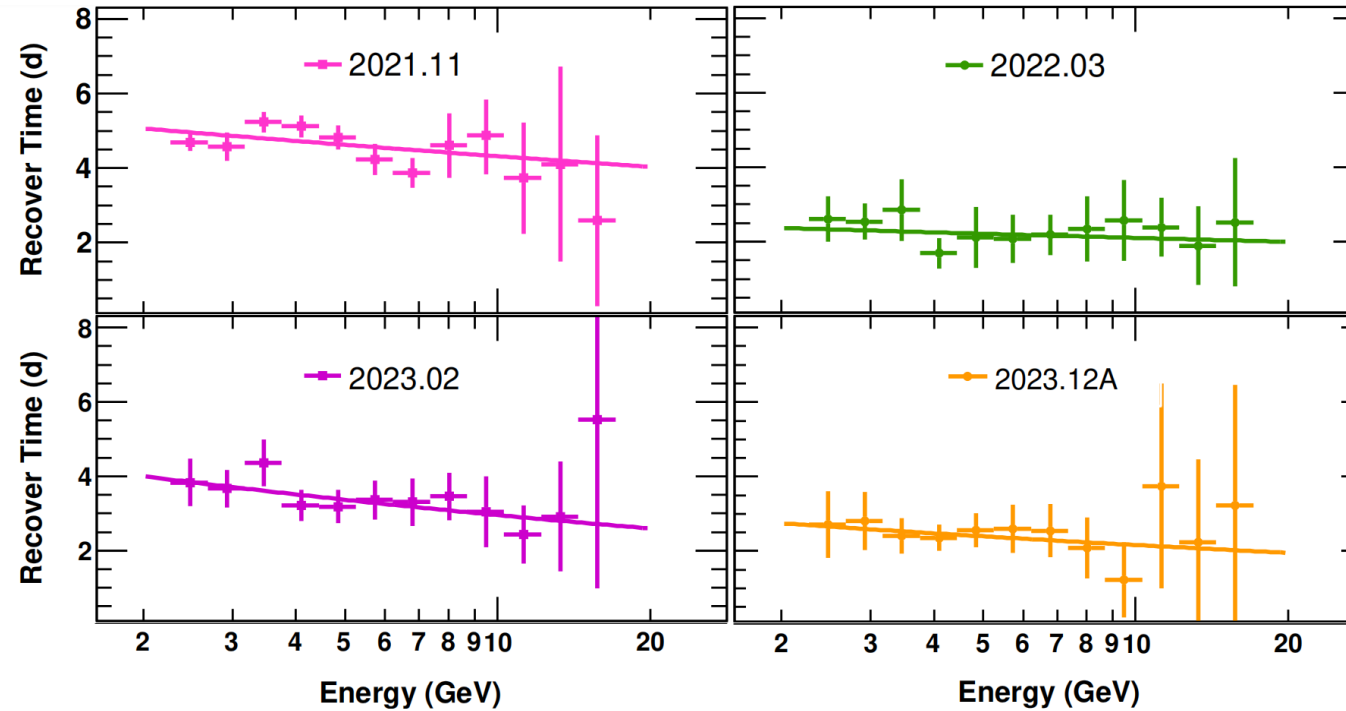
$$PID = F(E) \left[\log(rmsr) \sin(\theta) + \log(rmsl) \cos(\theta) \right]$$

- ❑ Shower Max not Edge
- ❑ Fiducial: Track within top 4 layers
- ❑ Track cross PSD & PSD charge cut
- ❑ $E > 1.2 \times \text{Vertical rigidity cutoff}$



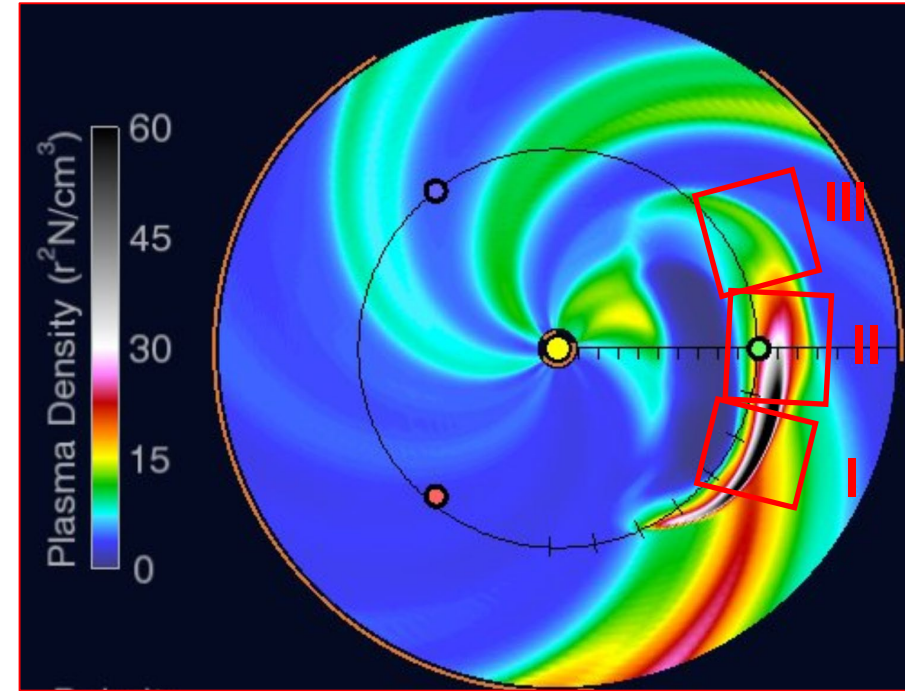
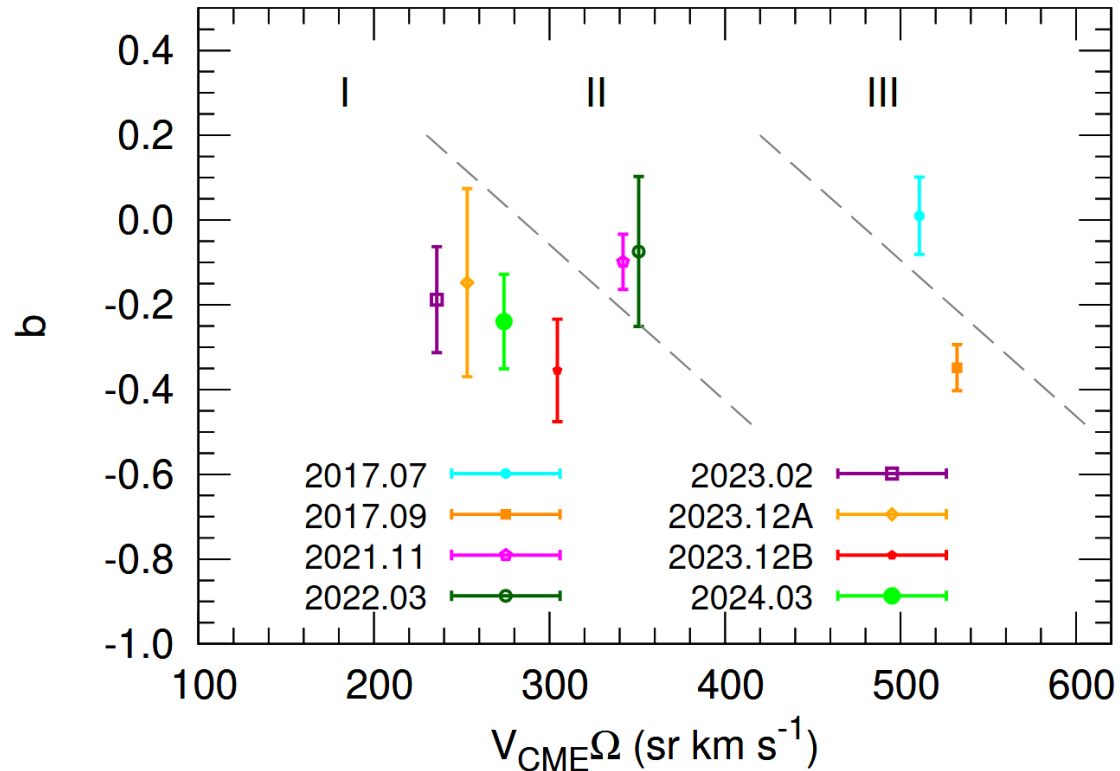
- ❑ Rebin in energy dimension after the template fit
- ❑ The **decrease amplitude** shows energy-dependent property.

FD analysis: DAMPE observations



- Recovery time: $\tau = a \cdot E^b$
- Energy range: 2.2 GeV - 17 GeV to lower the statistic errors

FD analysis: DAMPE observations



Credit: WSA_ENLIL, 2017-09FD

- The FDs are divided into head-on(I) events, glancing(II) events, and edge-on(III) events

FD analysis: simulations

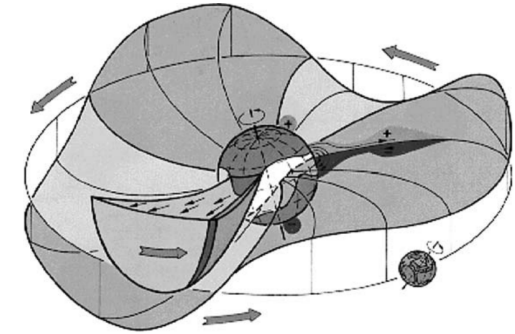
A. Stochastic Differential Equation (SDE)

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}}_a = -(\underbrace{\mathbf{V}}_b + \underbrace{\langle \mathbf{v}_d \rangle}_c) \cdot \nabla f + \underbrace{\nabla \cdot (\mathbf{K}_s \cdot \nabla f)}_d + \underbrace{\frac{1}{3} (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{V}) \frac{\partial f}{\partial \ln P}}_e$$

Advection Drift Diffusion Adiabatic Energy loss

B. Heliospheric Current Sheet (HCS)

$$\mathbf{B}(r, \theta) = \frac{A}{r^2} \left(\hat{e}_r - \frac{r\Omega \sin \theta}{V_{sw}} \hat{e}_\phi \right) [1 - 2H(\theta - \theta_{cs})],$$



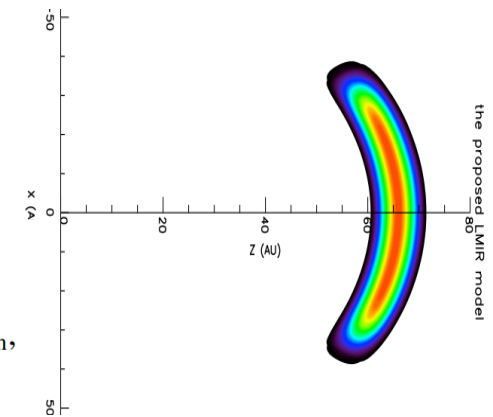
C. Propagating Diffusion Barriers (PDB)

$$\kappa'_{\parallel, \perp, T} = \frac{\kappa_{\parallel, \perp, T}}{[1 + \rho h(\theta) f(r) g(\phi)]}$$



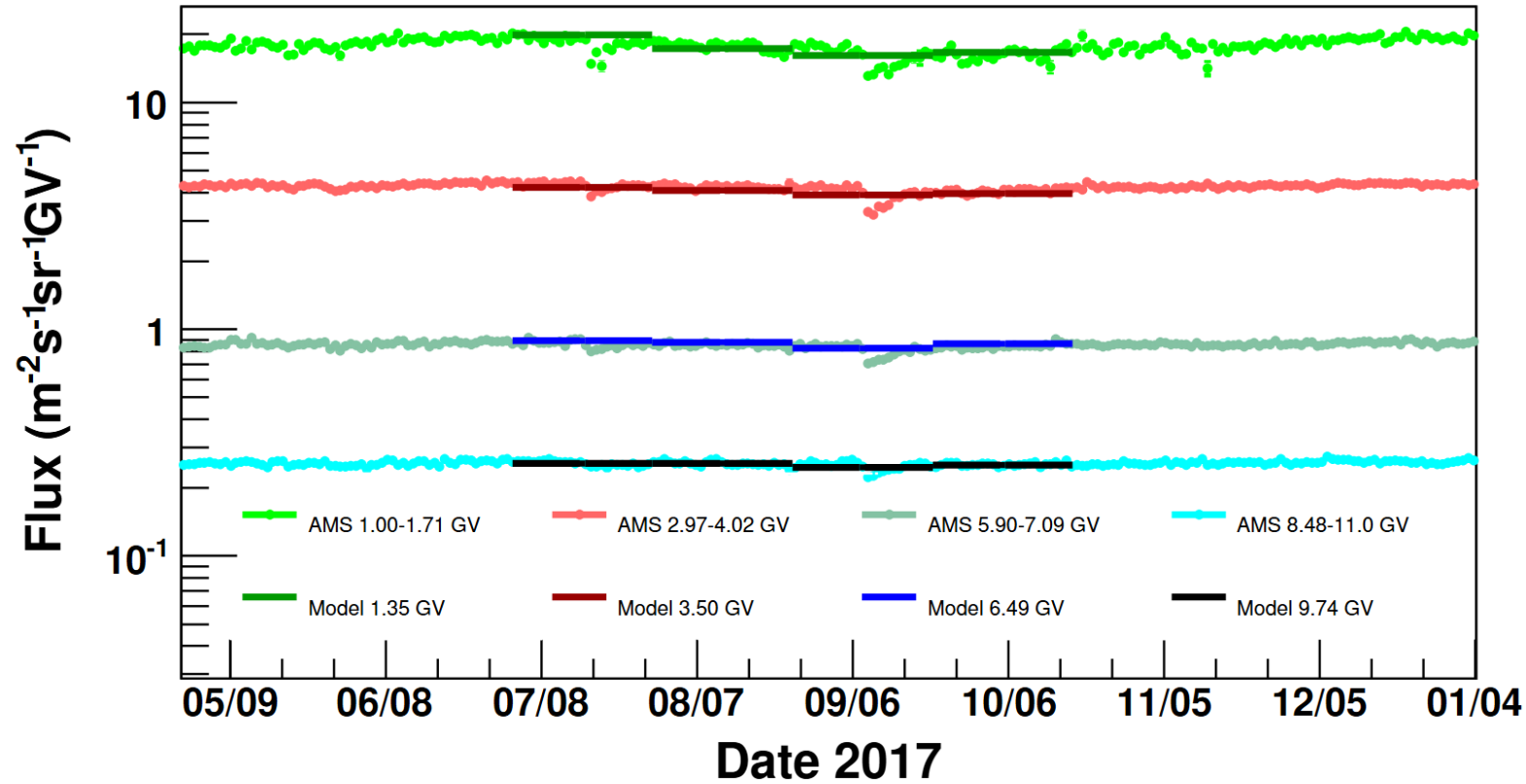
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} h(\theta) = e^{-\left(\frac{\theta - \pi/2}{\theta_{br}}\right)^{10}}, \\ g(\phi) = e^{-\left(\frac{\phi}{\phi_{br}}\right)^{10}}. \end{array} \right.$$

$$f(r) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{r - r_{cen}}{r_a} & \text{if } r_{cen} < r < r_{sh} \\ \frac{r - r_{end}}{r_b} & \text{if } r_{end} < r \leq r_{cen}, \end{cases}$$



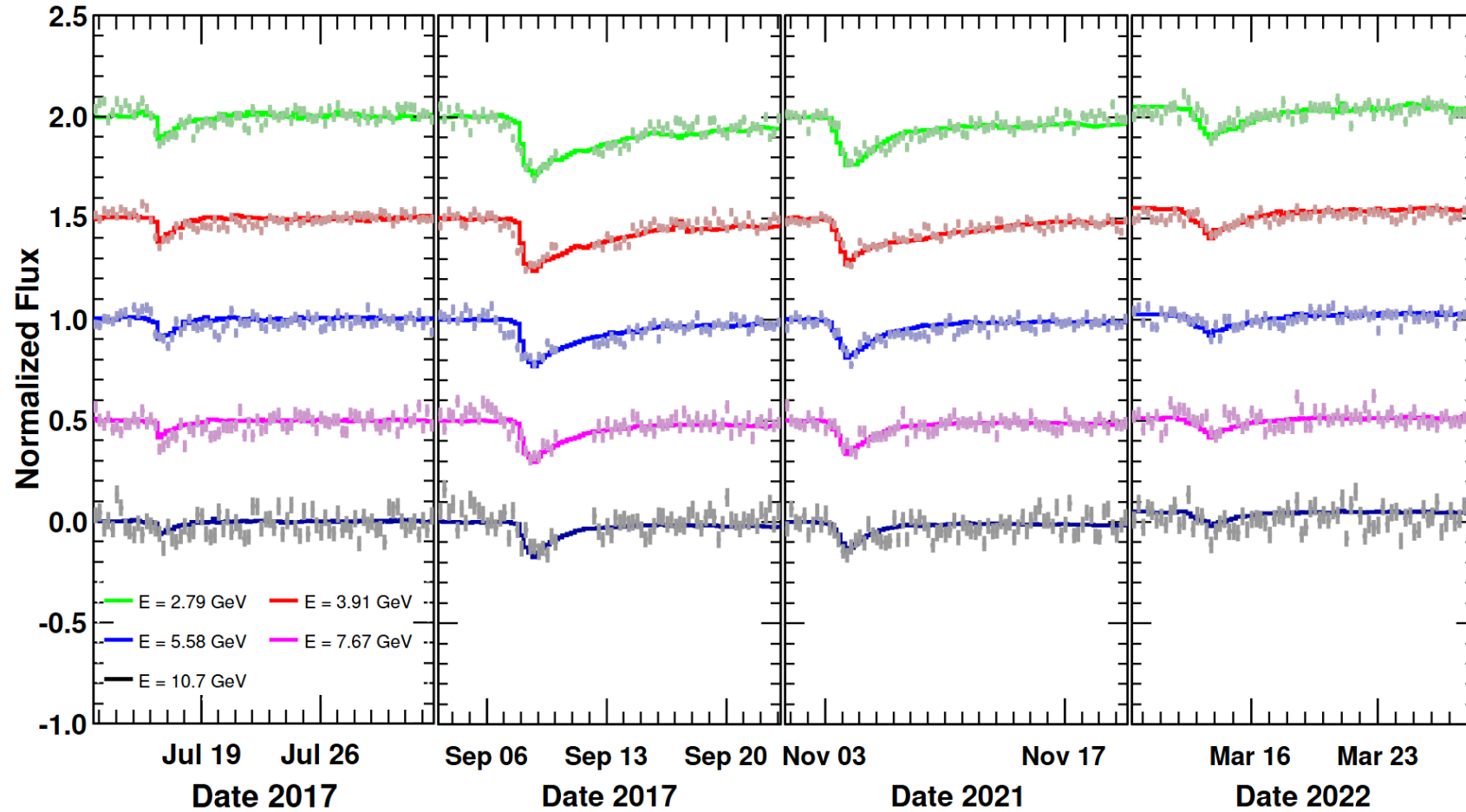
- Numerical simulation of CRs
- Code from Luo et al. 2017 ,ApJ

FD analysis: simulations

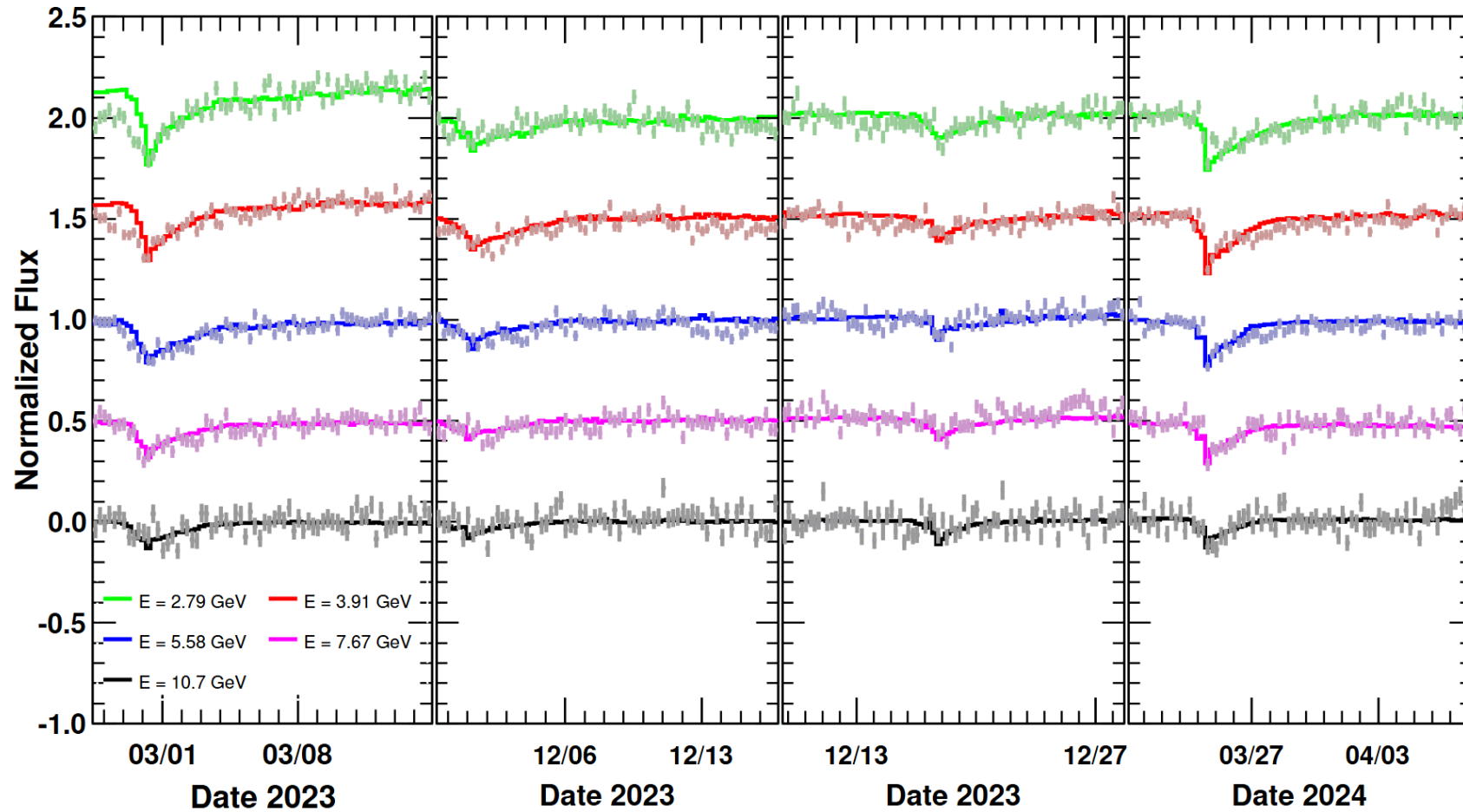


- ❑ The FD is short-period solar modulation based on the long-period modulation
- ❑ Long-period modulation : extract from AMS-02 electron daily flux

FD analysis: Simulations

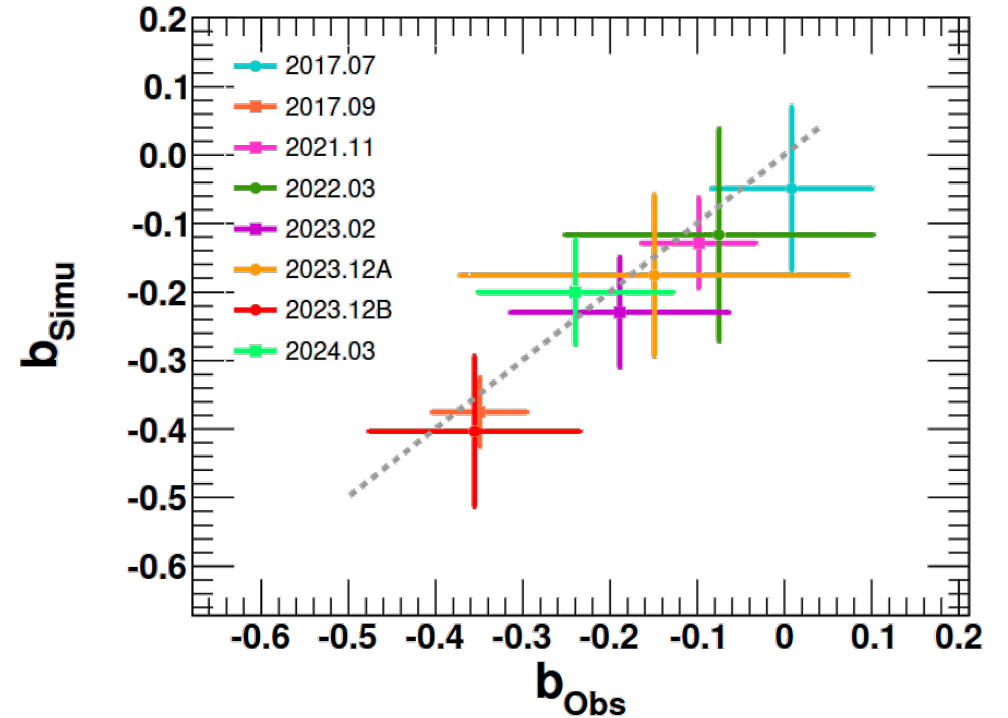


FD analysis: Simulations



FD analysis: simulations

DAMPE CRE Observations				CME Parameters	
Time (UTC)	A_e^{\max}	τ	b	V_{ord} (km s ⁻¹)	$\Theta(^{\circ})$
2017-07-17 04:30	0.125	2.03	0.010	1199	57
2017-09-08 13:30	0.266	6.46	-0.348	1611	48
2021-11-04 21:30	0.214	4.69	-0.099	1397	41
2022-03-14 19:30	0.123	2.61	-0.074	983	50
2023-02-28 14:30	0.244	3.83	-0.187	1237	36
2023-12-01 18:30	0.137	2.71	-0.148	944	43
2023-12-17 22:30	0.154	4.15	-0.355	921	48
2024-03-24 22:30	0.254	4.49	-0.239	1438	36



- FD parameters from NASA, CME catalog and WSA-ENLIL model
- Comparison of FD recovery time profile and the SDE simulations

Summary

- ❑ DAMPE observations of FDs from 2016 to 2024, eight FDs are analyzed
- ❑ FDs recover time shows strong energy dependence for large CME events ($V_{Ord}\Omega$)
- ❑ The relative positions influences the dependence (blue dashed line)
- ❑ The simulation confirm the observations

